Division of BioPsychoSocial Criminology

The Division of Biopsychosocial Criminology had its origins in a workshop held at ASC’s Annual Meeting at the Hilton Riverside Hotel on Wednesday November 16th from 11 am to 12.20 pm. It was attended by 36 individuals, and after a lively discussion there was strong enthusiasm for moving forward with the creation of this division.

On April 10, 2017, Adrian Raine and David Farrington petitioned Members of the ASC Executive Board for the creation of the Division on behalf of members who had signed a petition for its creation. The ASC Executive Board met in the Downtown Marriott Hotel in Philadelphia and approved the petition on Friday April 28, 2017, with Biopsychosocial Criminology becoming the 13th Division created by ASC.

The first announcement of the Division’s creation was made to ASC Division Heads on May 1, 2017.

Division of International Criminology

The ASC Board approved the creation of the Division of International Criminology at its Board Meeting on November 10, 1981. The DIC formally came into existence as of Noon on Thursday, November 12, 1981 when the DIC held its first meeting in the Pan American room of the Capital Hilton Hotel in Washington, D.C.

Division of People of Color and Crime

The Division on People of Color and Crime (DPCC) is a Division within the American Society of Criminology (ASC). The idea to create the new Division was conceived during a meeting with Black criminologists at the November 1994 ASC conference held in Miami, Florida. During the conference a petition was circulated collecting original signatures and addresses of at least three percent of ASC members who supported the proposed establishment of a “Division on People of Color and Crime.” On December 23, 1994, the petition was submitted to ASC headquarters in Columbus, Ohio. At the April 1995 midyear ASC Executive Board meeting, it was determined that the petition conformed to ASC requirements. On August 18, 1995, a revision of the Division Constitution was submitted to the ASC Board.

On November 14, 1995, the DPCC was approved by the ASC Executive Board at the ASC conference held in Boston, Massachusetts. The DPCC was established under the ASC presidential leadership and support of Freda Adler (Rutgers University). To support membership recruitment efforts, incoming ASC President Charles Wellford (University of Maryland) wrote the ASC membership a letter encouraging them to join the DPCC. Prior to the first elections, Julius Debro (University of Washington) and Ruth Peterson (Ohio State University) served as Co-Chairs of the Division Steering Committee. The first Division Officers were elected in November 1998; the Officers were: Chinita A. Heard, Chair;
Division of Policing

In 1941 former Berkeley Chief of Police August Vollmer, UC Berkeley professor of police administration O.W. Wilson, and others gathered to form what is now known as the American Society of Criminology. Originally created "for the purpose of furthering college police training and standardizing police training curricula" the ASC blossomed into the diverse organization it is today, spanning every aspect of criminology and criminal justice research and practice, where numerous divisions have flourished. Policing scholarship and outreach has been an important and significant part of the Society and its annual meetings ever since.

Long overdue, in November 2013, a group of policing scholars and practitioners of the ASC convened to discuss and plan for the petitioning and development of the Division of Policing (see the names of this group at https://ascpolicing.org/special-thanks/). The ASC Board approved the creation of the Division of Policing at its Board Meeting on May 3, 2014.

The Division of Policing's mission is to advance theory, knowledge and practice in policing through rigorous research and evaluation. The Division recognizes the fundamental importance of the police for maintaining order, protecting civil liberties, and enhancing public safety in free societies. It is committed to advancing the science of policing, testing innovation in the field, and promoting excellence in practice through translational activities. These goals can be achieved by facilitating a dialogue and building partnerships among policing scholars, practitioners, policy makers, community leaders, and students of policing.

Division of Victimology

Discussion of the Division of Victimology began in 2010 between Bonnie Fisher and Robert Jerin. A petition was drafted and circulated at the 2010 American Society of Criminology annual meeting. With the required signatures, Bonnie Fisher, together with Robert Jerin, drafted the Division of Victimology's by-laws and submitted the necessary materials to the American Society of Criminology Executive Board at their mid-year meeting in April 2011. The first annual meeting of the Division of Victimology took place at the 2012 American Society of Criminology annual meeting. This meeting was attended by over 50 individuals. Since 2012, the Division of Victimology has grown and now has over 200 members. The Division has been actively working with publishers to develop a peer-reviewed victimization journal.

Division of Women and Crime

A Resolution for the Establishment of Divisions within ASC was approved by the membership as of October 30, 1980. The ASC Board approved the creation of the Division on Women and Crime at its Board Meeting on November 14, 1981. The DWC formally came into existence as of 3:30 pm on Thursday, November 4, 1982 when the DWC held its first meeting in the Windsor East room of the
Division on Terrorism & Bias Crimes

During the ASC meetings of 2013 in Atlanta, Gary LaFree first started thinking about a terrorism and bias crimes division for the ASC. LaFree talked about it with colleagues and friends and after kicking around the idea informally, contacted Chris Eskridge in April 2014 to reserve a room for an organizational meeting in San Francisco for the 2014 ASC meetings. Before the meeting, LaFree took Chris’s advice and had a long discussion with Cynthia Lum who provided the by-laws and constitution for the Policing Division—which we used as templates. To meet the requirements of the ASC by-laws, we developed petition sheets and sent them to individuals that we thought would likely be interested. Some of the people who helped us collect names were Laura Dugan, Joshua Freilich, Cynthia Lum, Sue-Ming Yang, Nancy Morris, Bo Jiang, James Forest, John Sawyer and Simon Perry. But there were others as well. We contacted as many people as we could that we thought might be interested in establishing such a division.

As the meeting in San Francisco approached, none of us knew exactly how many people would show up. When we arrived at the meeting we were pleasantly surprised to find that it was standing room only! We estimate as many as 150 people showed up. By then we had plenty of signatures to justify taking our petition for a new division to the ASC board. At this meeting we also established an interim committee to move forward on creating the division. The interim committee included Laura Dugan, James Forrest, Joshua Freilich, Gary LaFree, Carla Lewandowski, Cynthia Lum, and soon William Parkin who agreed to serve as the web-manager for the proposed division’s website. The ASC Board formally approved the DTBC at its Washington D.C. Board meeting in spring 2015. We then had a structure to hold elections and we were off to the races! The DTBC’s elections resulted in its first Executive Board and the first official DTBC ASC meeting occurred in Washington DC in 2015. Once again the meeting was standing room only!


A Resolution for the Establishment of Divisions within ASC was approved by the membership as of October 30, 1980.